Woking Borough Council Climate Change SPD

Consultation Statement

The Climate Change Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) provides detail on how development should implement policies within the Core Strategy, and wider Development Plan, relating to climate change and the need to mitigate and/or adapt to its effects. The SPD was first adopted in 2013, and since then there have been significant changes to building efficiency standards. Therefore, the revised SPD acknowledges these updates and subsequent changes in sustainability standards.

Before a Local Planning Authority can adopt an SPD, Regulation 12 of the Town and County Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 requires it to publish a statement setting out:

- I. The persons the local planning authority consulted when preparing the Supplementary Planning Document;
- II. A summary of the main issues raised by those persons; and
- III. How those issues have been addressed in the Supplementary Planning Document. This statement reflects these requirements.

The Council released the draft SPD for public consultation for a period of six weeks between 18th May and 30th June 2023. A list of persons consulted can be found in **Appendix (a)**. In addition, the consultation was publicised through notices in the local newspaper and on the Council's website (see **Appendix (c)**). Physical copies of the draft SPD were also made available in Woking, West Byfleet, Byfleet, and Knaphill libraries in addition to the reception of the Civic offices.

Representations have been considered and the main issues are summarised in **Appendix (b)**. This also includes reference to how the issues raised have been considered and addressed.

The following modifications have been made following the consultation and are incorporated in the SPD. Underlined text has been added and/or amended. These modifications enhance the quality of and/or provide updated information to the SPD:

Para 4.2.4 inserted as follows:

"In terms of best practice, the London Energy Transformation Initiative (LETI) provides guidance for developers on how to design and build zero carbon buildings. See Climate Emergency Design Guide | LETI for more information."

Para 4.2.5 wording 'if possible and practical' has been removed.

Page 29 'Sewage gas' section, additional wording "grass cuttings, food waste" added.

Within Box 5.1 the aim: 'Maximising the potential for passive solar gain when designing site layouts' has been amended to 'Optimising the potential for passive solar gain when designing site layouts'.

Para 7.2.18, 7.2.19 and 7.2.20 inserted as follows:

"It is the responsibility of a developer to make proper provision for surface water drainage to ground, water courses or surface water sewer. Development must not be allowed to drain to the foul sewer, as this is the major contributor to sewer flooding. In May 2022 the Environment Agency updated the guidance on flood risk assessment in relation to climate change allowances.

On sites with historical or archaeological constrains, a historic water management appraisal of an area should be included as part of flood risk assessment and planning submissions.

It is advised that developers reach out to the lead local flood authority (LLFA) for confirmation regarding the suitability of SuDS within their proposed development. Surrey County Council act as LLFA and provide guidance on SuDS. It is advised that developers review this guidance when considering how best to address water management."

Pages 56 and 57 under 'Rain Gardens' additional paragraph inserted as follows:

"In urban environments the planting of street trees also provides a natural solution to mitigate against flood risk. It is advised that the principles of 'Right tree, right place' are applied to ensure trees remain suitable and best placed to mitigate against all the effects of climate change."

Additional sentence inserted onto grey box above para 7.2.25 as follows:

"This should be set out within a statement clarifying how the measures have been achieved."

Para 7.2.25, 7.2.26 and 7.2.27 inserted as follows:

"The Council will ensure compliance by means of planning conditions specifying that the optional requirement as set out above will apply to the development. Applicants are encouraged to submit the required evidence at the earliest opportunity – preferably at planning application validation stage. If sufficient evidence is not submitted at planning application validation stage, or during the life of a planning application, a precommencement planning condition will be used to confirm that the development will be able to achieve the required standard prior to construction starting; and evidence should be in the form of a design stage water efficiency calculator (as per the methodology set out in Appendix A of Approved Document G).

In all cases, a pre-occupation planning condition will be used to conclusively show that the standard has been achieved prior to the occupation of dwellings; and evidence will be in the form of the notice submitted to the local authority under Regulation 37 of the Building Regulations 2010, as amended (see paragraphs 2.13- 2.16 of Approved Document G for guidance).

People who are responsible for building work (e.g., agent, designer, builder or installer) must ensure that the work complies with all applicable requirements of the Building Regulations. Where an optional requirement is made a condition of the planning permission the developer has a statutory obligation to inform the Building Control Body that an optional requirement has been imposed. A local authority may not issue a completion certificate under regulation 17 of the Building Regulations or an approved inspector a final certificate under section 51 of the Building Act unless satisfied that any imposed optional requirement has been complied with."

Para 7.2.29 has been inserted as follows:

"All the water companies which serve Woking have been identified by the Environment
Agency as companies within areas of serious water stress. In addition to following the
optional requirement outlined above, the council advises that the 'Fittings Approach' is used
to determine the water consumption of a development."

Para 7.2.38 and 7.2.40 have been amended to reflect recent changes made by government on the mandatory implementation of biodiversity net gain. As per the announcement made by DEFRA on 27th September 2023 10% BNG will apply to development from January 2024 and <u>not</u> November 2023. The paragraphs have been amended as follows:

"The Environment Act gained ascension in November 2021 and has a two-year transition period for its requirements to come into effect. The Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affaires (DEFRA) has confirmed that from January 2024 the Act will require mandatory BNG of 10% on all development sites for which planning permission is granted under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (there are a few exemptions). The Council does not have a Local Plan Policy which requires 10% BNG on site. However, it is important to note that the current up to date policies of the development plan highlights the need for biodiversity enhancement as a result of development, which needs to be applied when determining day to day planning applications until the mandatory requirements are introduced (i.e., policy CS7 'Biodiversity and nature conservation').

As outlined within policy CS7 and CS8, the Council will pay consideration to important sites and habitats in the Borough. Proposals should acknowledge and mitigate against the direct and indirect impacts of development on these sites.

The emerging BNG legislation will enable a greater focus on the integration and extension of GBI to promote biodiversity and implement Natural Based Solutions (NBS). Thus, providing secondary benefits regarding climate mitigation actions in respect of both reducing urban heat island effects and offering additional shading benefits for buildings. All development should consider the long-term management and maintenance of green and blue infrastructure, to ensure continued climate change resilience and benefits across the Borough and wider landscape. This is supported under policy CS7."

Additional sentence inserted with link onto para 7.2.42, to provide more detail regarding SCC's development of the LNRS, as follows:

"Surrey County Council will lead the development of the LNRS in Surrey. Development in Woking will be asked to align with and help deliver the nature recovery priorities identified in the forthcoming LNRS, which will be produced over the coming 18 months."

Para 7.2.43 with footnote link inserted as follows:

"Biodiversity opportunity areas (BOAs) and urban BOAs also identify priority areas for habitat restoration and enable the increased implementation of NBS, helping to connect green infrastructure across the Borough and create green corridors."

Para 7.2.45 with footnote link inserted as follows:

"Surrey County Council provide additional guidance on best practice and case studies for implementing green and blue infrastructure within development."

Page numbers have also been amended/removed as appropriate following consultation.

*Note that all references made to the draft climate change strategy 'Net Zero Woking' have been removed. This is light of the council's financial situation and commitments made within the strategy which require further review. References have been removed from the following pages: 3, 15, 16, 31, 66.

Appendix (a): Persons and organisations consulted during consultation

Community Charles Richards

Carers Support Woking Clarence Country Homes Limited
Community Learning Partnership Clerical Medical Managed Funds Ltd

Horsell Park Neighbourhood Watch/WAN Clifford Chance Secretaries Limited

Just Advocacy Convery Developments Ltd
Liaise Women's Centre Cooper Environmental Planning

Phoenix Cultural Centre Courtley Consultants Ltd
Probation Service Crest Strategic Projects

PROWD Croudace
Sheerwater Neighbourhood Watch Danks Badnell

Surrey Access Forum Development Planning Partnership

Surrey Community Action Devine Homes PLC
Surrey Lifelong Learning Partnership (SLLP) DHA Architecture

The Barnsbury Project

The Grove Area LTD

DHS Engineering

DPDS Consulting Group

The Grove Area LTD DPDS Consulting Group
The Lighthouse Drivers Jones

The Sheerwater And Maybury Partnership Drivers Jones Deloitte
Westfield Primary School Fairview New Homes Plc

Woking Association Of Voluntary Service Form Architecture And Planning

(WAVS) Fromson Construction Co Ltd
Woking Cycle Users Group Fullerthorne

Woking Cycle Users Group Fullerthorne
Woking Youth Arts Centre George Wimpey West London Ltd
Woking Youth Centre Goldcrest Homes

Woodlands Community Group

York Road Project

Goldciest Homes

Grant Consultancy

Gravitas 1061 Limited

Business, developers, agents and landownersGreenoak Housing Association

AAP Architecture Ltd Hammerson UK
Ace Marcelle Hope Limited Henry Smith

AMG Planning And Development Horsell Businesses' And Traders' Association

Heritage Architecture

AND Consulting Iconic Design

Banner Homes (Wessex) Ltd John Ebdon Homes
Baratt Homes JSA Architects

ADM Architecture

Barratt Homes (Southern Counties) Keith Hiley Associates Ltd

Barton Willmore Kier Homes Ltd

Basingstoke Canal Authority King Sturge
Batcheller Thacker Knaphill Traders Association

Batcheller Thacker Knaphill Traders Association
BDB Pitmans LLP Lacey Simmons

Beaumonde Homes Landmark Information Group Ltd
Bell Cornwell Lewandowski Architects

Birchwood Homes Mantle Panel Ltd

BNP Parabis Real Estate Martin Gardner

BNP Parabis Real Estate

Boyer Planning Limited

Brimble, Lea And Partners

British Land Properties

Carter Planning Ltd

Martin Grant Homes

MBH Partnership

McCarthy And Stone

McClosky And Bingham

Carter Planning Ltd

Castle Wildish Chartered Surveyors

Charles Auston Burgas Ltd

McClosky And Bingham

McLaren Group Limited

Charles Austen Pumps Ltd Mercury Planning
Charles Church Developments Ltd Millgate Homes

Montague Alan Ltd

Mount Green Housing Association

N K Accountancy

Nathaniel Lichfield And Partners National Housing Federation NULAP (Aviva Investors) Octagon Developments Ltd

Peacocks Centre Peter Allan

Pinecrofe Housing Association

Planning Issues And Churchill Retirement

Planware Ltd PRP Architects Pyrford Homes Ltd

Quinton Scott Chartered Surveyors And Estate

Agents Rolfe Judd

Rosemary Simmons Memorial Housing

Association Rosetower Ltd

Runnymede Homes Ltd

Rutland Group

Savills

Shanly Homes

Sterling Potfolio Managment On Behalf Of

Leylani Ltd

Stonham Housing Association Surrey Chamber Of Commerce

Terence O'Rourke
Tetlow King Planning

Thames Valley Housing Association

The Landmark Trust
The Lightbox

Thomas Eggar LLP

Welmede Housing Association Woking And District Trades Council

Woking Chamber Woking Shopmobility

Wolsey Place Shopping Centre

Woolf Bond Planning
WYG Management Services

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<u>Health</u>

Adult Social Care NW Surrey Health And Safety Executive

NHS

NHS England

NHS England (South)

NHS Guildford And Waverley Clinical

Commissioning Group

NHS North West Surrey Commissioning Group

NHS Surrey Heath Clinical Commissioning

Group

North West Surrey CCG

South East Coast Strategic Health Authority

Surrey Health And Wellbeing Board

Virgin Care Limited

Infrastructure, Telecoms & Transport

Abellio Surrey Affinity Water

AMEC Foster Wheeler

Arriva

Arriva Southern Counties

Avison Young Carlone Buses

Civil Aviation Authority

Civil Aviation Authority (Safety Regulation

Group)

CNS Systems - Navigation, Spectrum And

Surveillance

Department For Transport

EE

Entec UK Ltd

Fairoaks Airport Ltd

Freight Transport Association Guildford Police Station Highways England HM Prison Service

Mobile Operators Association Mobile Operators Association

National Grid National Grid

National Grid Control Centre

Network Rail

NOMS/ HM Prison Service Office Of Rail Regulations

Reptons Coaches Scotia Gas Networks

Scottish And Southern Energy

SGN

Southern Gas Networks
Southwest Trains

St John The Baptist School

Stagecoach South

Surrey And Hampshire Canal Society

Surrey Police

Surrey Police- Estates Department Thames Water Planning/Property

Thamesway Sustainable Communities Ltd

The Coal Authority

Three

Veolia Water Central

Walden Telecom Ltd

Woking Community Transport Ltd Wood E&I Solutions UK Ltd

Wood Plc

Interest groups
Age Concern

Age Concern Woking

Ancient Monuments Society
Campaign To Protect Rural England
Council For British Archaeology

CPRE Surrey Deafplus DEFRA

Environment Agency Forestry Commission Friends Of The Earth Friends Of The Elderly

Gay Surrey Georgian Group

Horsell Common Preservation Society

Irish Community Association

Irish Travellers Movement In Britain Maybury Sheerwater Partnership Garden

Project National Trust NFU Office

Surrey And Farming Wildlife Advisory Group

Surrey Archaeological Society

Surrey Campaign to Protect Rural England Surrey Coalition Of Disabled People

Surrey County Council

Surrey Disabled People's Partnership

Surrey Heathland Project Surrey Minority Ethnic Forum Surrey Nature Partnership

Surrey Travellers Community Relations Forum

Surrey Wildlife Trust Sussex Wildlife Trust

The Bangladesh Cultural Association

The Garden History Society

The Gypsy Council

The Indian Association Of Surrey

The Maybury Centre
The National Trust

The RSPB

The Society For The Protection Of Ancient

Buildings

The Twentieth Century Society

The Woodland Trust Victorian Society

Westfield Common Preservation Society

Woking Mind

Woking Pakistan Muslim Welfare Association

Woodland Trust

Leisure

Ambassadors Theatre Group Arts Council For Woking

Link Leisure

Open Spaces Society
Sport England
Sport England South

Surrey County Playing Field Association

The Lawn Tennis Association

The Ramblers

The Rotary Club Of Woking

The Theatres Trust
Tourism South East
Tourism South East
West Byfleet Golf Club

Woking Community Play Association

Woking Ramblers
Woking Sports Council
Local Planning Authorities
Bracknell Forest Council
Elmbridge Borough Council

Epsom And Ewell Borough Council

Guildford Borough Council Hart District Council

Mole Valley District Council

Reigate And Barnstead Borough Council Royal Borough Of Windsor And Maidenhead

Runnymede Borough Council Rushmoor Borough Council Spelthorne Borough Council Surrey County Council

Surrey Heath Borough Council Tandridge District Council Waverley Borough Council Wokingham Borough Council

Other

Campaign For Real Ale
Coal Pension Properties
Department For Education
Education Funding Agency

Homes And Communities Agency National Farmers Union SE Region National Landlords Association

NATS Ltd Network Rail Outline

Scottish Gas Networks Surrey Playing Fields **Surrey Police**

The Planning Inspectorate Woking Borough Council

Woking Chamber Of Commerce

Woking FC

Parish Councils

Bisley Parish Council
Chobham Parish Council
Ockham Parish Council
Pirbright Parish Council
Ripley Parish Council
Send Parish Council
West End Parish Council
Wisley Parish Council

Worplesdon Parish Council Political / Religious groups

All Saint's Church

Church Comissioners

Congregation Of St Mary's Church Byfleet

First Church Of Christ Scientist

Jehovah's Witnesses

Masjid Albirr New Life Church

Religious Society Of Friends

Shah Jahan Mosque St Edward Brotherhood St Mary's Church Office

The Rt Hon Jonathan Lord MP

The Church Of England Guildford Diocesan

Board Of Finance Woking Conservatives

Woking Constituency Labour Party

Woking Liberal Democrats

Residents Associations

Anthony's Residents Association Brambledown Residents Association

Brookwood Village Association

Byfleet Village Association

Friars Rise Residents Association

Horsell Residents Association

Horsell Residents Association

Maybury Community Association

Pyrford Green Belt Action Group

Sheets Heath Residents Association

St Johns Village Society

Sutton Green Village Hall And Association

Wych Hill Way Residents Association

Young people and Education

Barnsbury Infant School

Beaufort Community Primary School

Broadmere Community Primary School

Brookwood Primary School Byfleet Primary School Goldsworth Primary School

Kingfield School

Knaphill Lower School Maybury Infant School New Monument School

Pyrford C Of E (Aided) School

St Dunstan's Roman Catholic Primary School St Hugh Of Lincoln Catholic Primary School St John The Baptist R.C Secondary School

St John's Primary School

St Mary's C Of E Priamary School The Bishop David Brown School

The Hermitage School
The Horsell Village School

The Marist Catholic Primary School

The Oaktree School
The Park School

The Winston Churchill School West Byfleet Infant School Westfield Primary School Wishmore Cross School

Woking College Woking High School Woking Scouts

Woking Youth Council

Consultation Statement Appendix (b). Summary of the main issues raised in consultation, and how they have been considered and addressed.

Name of respondent	Summary of comments	Officer response
WEAct	Recognise that the revision is necessary.	It is important that supplementary documents, which aid
		decision-making, are revised and reflect updates in planning
		policy/legislation.
WEAct	Every attempt should be made to ensure publication of the new SPD.	It is anticipated that the SPD will be adopted late 2023.
WEAct	Consider that 'commercial developers' may view the Council's financial situation	The council will remain committed to ensuring that
	'may make the organisation appear less able to challenge and decline	development remains consistent with planning policies set out
	development that would not be accepted elsewhere and that would not feature the climate sustainability and resilience that we would wish for'.	within the local plan and national planning guidance.
WEAct	Notes that the SPD reads as 'detail dense' and could be improved. Would also like	Changes made to the SPD between January 2023 and June
	to see improvements made to the draft SPD between January 2023 and the	2023 were made in response to initial feedback from WBC
	formally released consultation draft in June 2023.	officers and working groups and was considered internally
		before consultation. This feedback was implemented on an
		ongoing basis. Please refer to the most recent draft published
		for consultation, available here: <u>Draft Climate Change SPD</u>
		(2023) - Woking 2027
WEAct	Raises concern regarding the longevity of the SPD given the breadth of change	Local planning policy must respond to changes in national
	anticipated in the next few years i.e., 'national development legislation and carbon	legislation and guidance. When appropriate, officers will
	reduction.	review whether the SPD is still in conformity with national
		planning guidance.
WEAct	Notes due to emerging requirements for developers stemming from Environment	The local plan is set to expire in 2027. This will serve as an
	Act 2021 and Future Homes Standard, the impact of the SPD may be short lived.	opportunity to consider current the weight of current
	Given the severity of the climate emergency it is suggested the SPD is updated	planning policy relating to climate change.
	every three to five years.	
WEAct	Notes that the SPD 'is trying to facilitate and achieve significant environmental	The council remains committed to ensuring development
	transformation', which is what WBC as a high ambition council in climate response	within the Borough can meet the challenge of climate change.
	should be attempting to do.	
WEAct	Some dates and wording is dated several years ago may imply to readers that the	Policy CS22 was implemented within the Woking Core
	Borough is not in line with current legislation. For example in reference to CS22	Strategy, adopted in 2012. SPDs act as supplementary
	having wording that includes ' from now until 31st March 2013'. Section 1.3	guidance to aid the delivery of policies within the Core
	comments regarding 'sustainability appraisals' refers to judgements made in 2012	Strategy. A review of the Core Strategy was presented to

	and is considered out of date. Wording about Climate change strategy in section 2.4 is also considered out of date.	Executive on 5 th October and recommendations approved. Please see link for full report: <u>Issue details - 2023 Review of the Woking Core Strategy</u>
WEAct	Reviewing weekly planning notices demonstrates that a significant proportion of planning applications are for private home extensions, and there is a risk applicants may believe the SPD is mostly targeted at new builds and large scale developers. 'We could not see guidance that if a homeowner is extending then the existing property should have modern levels of insulation, renewable energy use and climate emergency features.'	Please note that the SPD can only influence proposals within the remit of the planning system, and of which constitutes 'development'. The definition of what is classed as development is set out within Section 55 of the Town and County Planning Act 1990 (as amended). See here: https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1990/8/section/55 The SPD sets out guidance that all development is expected to follow and outlines that a key objective of the SPD is to ensure development is 'Designed to be future-proofed in response to socio-environmental shifts associated with climate change.'
WEAct	Section 2.3 Borough Context – page 9 Design SPD. The wording suggests that a Design SPD is under development, however the Council adopted a Design SPD in February 2015.	Comments are noted – please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
WEAct	Page 11 Section 3.1. Standards for New Residential Development. Possibly this first paragraph should have a reference, or alternatively an 'on line' link?	This is in reference to an earlier draft of the SPD – please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
WEAct	Page 15 Table at top of page — minimum targets for new residential development in woking. Could the historic detail, top level of the box referring to 1st April 2013 to 31st March 2015 be removed?	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
WEAct	Page 15- suggests changing wording 'where justified and viable, the Council will negotiate with developers to achieve' as suggests there is an option to negotiate. Current wording 'will increase WBC Planning Department workload'.	Policy CS22 of the core strategy provides flexibility in meeting requirements so as not to impede on the viability of development in Woking "Where it can be demonstrated that the standards set out in this policy cannot be met on site, permission will only be granted if the applicant makes provision for compensatory energy and CO² and water savings elsewhere in the Borough equivalent to the carbon savings which would have been made by applying this policy". There is opportunity to reconsider the weight of this policy as the council works towards producing a new local plan.

WEAct	Page 24- 'would be interested to know if the words 'if possible and practical' can be	Wording 'if possible and practical' has been removed from
	removed and whether the process in how a planning committee and delegated	page 24.
	Council officers would like to see this planned sustainability being illustrated,	
	evidenced to be part of the submitted development plan'.	
WEAct	Page 26- Referring to the Climate neutral development checklist, is it necessary to	All planning policy and guidance relating to Woking Borough is
	have the checklist available through a website www.sustainabilityplanner.co.uk	made available at: https://www.woking2027.info/
	that is not Council controlled. This is also shown in relation to Energy solutions	
	Item 2 on page 54.	
WEAct	Page 27- 'If applicable (likely to be from 2016)' Surely this can be more defined	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
14/5 A - I	now?	Discount of the destication between their
WEAct	Page 32- Section 4.1 Second paragraph under text box – referring to 'Feed in tariffs	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
	(FITs) are currently available' Our understanding is that all Fits and Renewable heat incentives for new developments have been withdrawn by central	
	government.	
WEAct	Page 41- states 'Large scale ground mounted solar PV farms can have a negative	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
W L/ (Ct	impact on rural environment' This is a judgemental statement that possibly is	rease refer to the draft of b published for consultation.
	incorrect to make. A better sentence may be 'If planned sensitively, the visual	
	impact of a ground mounted solar array can be acceptable in the landscape'.	
WEAct	Page 43- Section 4.2 reference to Surrey Waste Plan 2008 should be updated.	Reference to biogas is referred to on page 29. Additional
	Is it appropriate in a SPD to refer to a particular site, the waste treatment centre in	reference to 'grass cutting and food waste' has been added.
	Martyrs Lane. The negative comment on Sewage gas – suitability for Woking is	
	possibly unnecessary? Would it be possible to refer to biomethane production	
	from Grass cuttings, there are now examples of Gas production from grass	
	(Ecotricity 2021) and this is described as carbon neutral over a very short	
	timeframe, just six months from absorption to release.	
WEAct	In ref to Section 4.2, evidence is clear now that even modern wood burners	There is opportunity to consider restricting the usage of wood
	contribute to local air pollution, and that they still make avoidable carbon	burners through planning policy as the council works towards
	emissions, which is particularly inappropriate for urban areas. Greater London	producing a new local plan. Please note SPDs can only provide
	managed to exclude woodburners from all new developments. Additionally,	guidance to support the implementation of policy adopted
	through the 'Feb 2023 Air Quality Neutral Guidance' all new development must	within the core strategy.
	not contribute to net air pollution. Woking should consider following this example.	

WEAct	Page 54- Section 4.4 item 3 Energy experts and delivery partners. Possibly this paragraph needs to stop after the first sentence 'developers may choose to partner with an energy service company' Promotion of an individual company Thameswey, currently a Woking Borough Council subsidiary appears inappropriate.	Thameswey was founded by Woking Borough Council to deliver on the council's strategic objectives as set out within the Woking 2050 strategy, reflecting efforts to meet the UK net-zero target by 2050. The energy centre on Poole Road currently operates the district heat network across the Town Centre and supports the Borough's transition to low carbon energy generation.
WEAct	Page 55 – Section 4.5 Zero Carbon Homes. This details an out of date target 2016 in the first paragraph, removal of the date and a more general statement that Zero carbon homes will help developers, occupiers and prospective tenants in the long term could be workable? Second paragraph again seems out of date and stating an obvious comment 'The SPD will be updated' that should be stated elsewhere in the SPD.	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
WEAct	Page 61- Waste and Recycling case example from Sweden considered interesting but a 'significant commercial undertaking' 'only relevant to a few major developments'	Please refer to the draft SPD published for consultation.
WEAct	Page 67- EV section. Considers paragraph beginning 'Management and maintenance' unnecessary and 'possibly could be replaced with a comment that EV charging points connected by telemetry, remote monitoring and customer identification systems are expected in new developments. There have been significant reliability problems with EV charging points and remote monitoring could address this.'	Comments are noted and will be considered further when appropriate.
WEAct	Page 72- there is little reference to the Environment Act 2021 and new developer responsibilities namely 10% BNG requirement. These requirements have potential to address several issues i.e., 'urban heat islands, reduction in local air pollution affecting insect life and micro biodiversity, and habitat loss. Particularly better design will add to community and biodiversity resilience. Better waste water management could add to water flows into water courses that are running low, such as Basingstoke canal.'	Please refer to chapter 7 'Climate Change Resilience and Adaptation' where information is provided within 'Green and Blue Infrastructure' page 64.
WEAct	[Notes on the Sustainable Construction Checklist] consider the checklist a key tool for ensuring best practice.	Comments are noted and will be considered further when appropriate.

	Has noted the following WBC advice documents could benefit from 'some research, analysis of customer / developer responses on these forms to ascertain outcomes and potential ways that they could be improved' and whether there is potential for these documents to be redesigned to better highlight sustainability options and assist the planning department and planning committee. In sec 4 Q2,3,5,6 and 7 the word 'considered' should be removed. Would like wording in Section 1 Q3 to change from "does the proposal provide appropriate levels and standards of Electric Vehicle Parking?' to "Does the scheme provide better than statutorily required electrical vehicle parking, a mix of fast and slow charging options?"	The term "considered" allows DM officers to query proposals with developers and review evidence which indicates that the developer has laid out all options appropriately. Comments are noted and will be considered further as the council moves towards producing a new local plan.
	Notes that when this paperwork is submitted alongside a planning application, a comment on forms should state 'all proposed development should comply with the Woking B.C. vision for a low carbon future and development with sustainability and biodiversity enhancements'	
Pyrford Neighbourhood Forum	Concern the SPD only applies to new development, which mean it will exclude replacement dwellings (i.e., demolition & rebuild), extensions, permitted development rights (like an additional storey).	Please note that the SPD can only influence proposals within the remit of the planning system, and of which constitutes 'development'. The definition of what is classed as development is set out within Section 55 of the Town and County Planning Act 1990 (as amended). See here: https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1990/8/section/55
Pyrford Neighbourhood Forum	Notes that the current number of dwellings in Woking is around 43,000, and the Core Plan only requires 292 additional dwellings per annum- therefore this policy will effect less than 1% of dwellings a year. Would take 150 years to impact all dwellings in Woking if no additional sites were used.	The SPD can only influence the quality of building work within the planning system. Please note some forms of building improvement, such as refurbishment and retrofitting, may not require planning permission. The council should be consulted where applicants are unsure if planning permission is needed.
Pyrford Neighbourhood Forum	I think this SPD should apply to all planning applications.	As a supplementary planning document, the guidance detailed will aid decision-makers on all planning applications and ensure development remains in compliance with the core strategy.

Thames Water	Most of the renewable electricity Thames Water self-generate comes from the	Comments are noted, the SPD makes reference to advocating
	treatment of sewage sludge via anaerobic digestion, but to help meet the carbon	for solar power.
	zero target the use of more solar power is proposed on Thames Water's	
	operational sites and this should be supported in the SPD.	
Thames Water	In terms of EV, a key requirement should be flexibility over charging points.	Comments are noted.
Thames Water	Thames Water support the mains water consumption target of 110 litres per head	Has been noted. In response this detail has been amended,
	per day (105 litres per head per day plus an allowance of 5 litres per head per day	please see page 60.
	for gardens) as set out in the NPPG (Paragraph: 014 Reference ID: 56-014-	
	20150327) and support the inclusion of this requirement in Policy.	
Thames Water	Water efficiency requirement of 110 litres per day is only applicable if enforced via	Has been noted. In response this detail has been amended,
	a planning condition, as per Reg 36 of Approved Document G e.g. <u>here</u> page 15.	please see page 60.
	As the Thames Water area is defined as water stressed it is considered that such a	
	condition should be attached as standard to all planning approvals for new	
	residential development in order to help ensure that the standard is effectively	
	delivered through the building regulations.	
Thames Water	Within Part G of Building Regulations, the 110 litres/person/day level can be	Has been noted. In response this detail has been amended,
	achieved through either the 'Calculation Method' or the 'Fittings Approach' (Table	please see page 60.
	2.2). The Fittings Approach provides clear flow-rate and volume performance	
	metrics for each water using device / fitting in new dwellings. Thames Water	
	considers the Fittings Approach, as outlined in Table 2.2 of Part G, increases the	
	confidence that water efficient devices will be installed in the new dwelling. Insight	
	from our smart water metering programme shows that household built to the 110	
	litres/person/day level using the Calculation Method, did not achieve the intended	
	water performance levels.	
Thames Water	We have introduced environmental incentives for developers for implementing	Comments are noted.
	water efficiency measures in the form of discounts to connection charges. Further	
	details available at: https://www.thameswater.co.uk/about-us/newsroom/latest-	
- !	news/2022/feb/rewards-for-developers-who-achieve-water-neutrality	
Thames Water	Consider that text in line with the following should be included in the SPD:	Amendments have been made, please see page 60.
	"Development must be designed to be water efficient and reduce water	
	consumption. Refurbishments and other non-domestic development will be	
	expected to meet BREEAM water-efficiency credits. Residential development must	
	not exceed a maximum water use of 105 litres per head per day (excluding the	

Thames Water	allowance of up to 5 litres for external water consumption) using the 'Fittings Approach' in Table 2.2 of Part G of Building Regulations. Planning conditions will be applied to new residential development to ensure that the water efficiency standards are met." In relation to flood risk, the National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG) states that	Comments are noted. Please see policy CS9 of the core
	a sequential approach should be used by local planning authorities in areas known to be at risk from forms of flooding other than from river and sea, which includes "Flooding from Sewers".	strategy.
Thames Water	When reviewing development and flood risk it is important to recognise that water and/or sewerage infrastructure may be required to be developed in flood risk areas Flood risk sustainability objectives should therefore accept that water and sewerage infrastructure development may be necessary in flood risk areas.	Comments are noted. Please see policy CS9 of the core strategy.
Thames Water	Flood risk policies should also make reference to 'sewer flooding' and an acceptance that flooding can occur away from the flood plain as a result of development where off-site sewerage infrastructure and capacity is not in place ahead of development.	Comments are noted. Please see policy CS9 of the core strategy.
Thames Water	With regard to surface water drainage it is the responsibility of the developer to make proper provision for drainage to ground, watercourses or surface water sewer in accordance with the drainage hierarchy. It is important to reduce the quantity of surface water entering the sewerage system in order to maximise the capacity for foul sewage to reduce the risk of sewer flooding.	Amendments have been made, please see page 56.
Thames Water	With regard to surface water drainage, Thames Water request that the following paragraph should be included in Policy wording or supporting text: "It is the responsibility of a developer to make proper provision for surface water drainage to ground, water courses or surface water sewer. It must not be allowed to drain to the foul sewer, as this is the major contributor to sewer flooding."	Amendments have been made, please see page 56.
Thames Water	 Additional information that should be included with planning applications: Lead local flood authority (LLFA) confirmation about the suitability of SuDS Statement setting out how the water usage of 110 I/p/d is achieved 	Amendments have been made, please see pages 56 and 60.
Waverley Borough Council	Waverley Borough Council has declared a Climate Emergency and supports measures taken to tackle climate change and achieve net zero objectives in consultation with local communities.	Comments are noted.

Ellen Pirie	Is a good document and takes us in the right direction for policies which address climate and environmental issues.	Comments are noted.
Ellen Pirie	Would like to see stronger mention and commitment to adopt Passivhaus standards for new development. Believes Woking should aim for this. Suggests "a timetable saying that by 2030 you would expect all relevant developments to meet this standard."	BREEAM standards are outlined within Policy CS22. SPDs do not have remit to introduce new policy with new requirements. However, given the impending need to review the local plan there is scope to advocate for passivhaus standards if considered appropriate.
Ellen Pirie	In ref to sec 3.3.2, sees room to enable developers to 'wriggle out' of meeting standards if they submit a technical or financial argument. Suggests they should also be asked "to be explicit about the expected impact to future residents, occupants of their buildings or to the environment and impact on achieving net zero." i.e., higher energy costs due to poorer insulation, higher thermal shock, higher carbon emissions. If these aspects are considered significant then planning permission should not be granted.	SPDs do not have remit to introduce new planning policy. As stipulated within policy CS22 the guidance is intended to provide flexibility to developers i.e., enable offsetting policy requirements to support development in Woking. The impact of development on future occupants will be a consideration for decision-makers at planning application stage. Policy CS21 'Design' of the Core Strategy sets out that development 'Ensure the building is adaptable to allow scope for changes to be made to meet the needs of the occupier (lifetime homes and modern business needs).'
Ellen Pirie	Suggests implementing planning policy to require new car parking areas, particularly for commercial developments, should be covered with roofing that allows solar panels.	SPDs do not have remit to introduce new policies.
Ellen Pirie	Notes there is no mention of need to provide play areas for children within new development.	This will be considered further and has potential to be addressed through potential design codes in Woking.
Ellen Pirie	Notes there may be future pandemics which will require social distancing/lockdowns and queries how this will affect planning policy. For example, maintenance of outdoor greenspaces to aid wellbeing. Was difficult for those in flats with limited access to outdoor space to get regular exercise during COVID.	Please note that the core strategy sets out policies which ensure green space is both provided and managed within proposals for development. Most notably policies CS7 'Biodiversity and nature conservation', CS16 'Infrastructure delivery' and CS17 'Open space, green infrastructure, sport and recreation'. The strategy is available here: https://www.woking2027.info/developmentplan/corestrategy

Ellen Pirie	Given aging population and longer lifespans, how will this be supported in new	Policy CS21 'Design' of the Core Strategy sets out that
	buildings so that expensive adaptations are not required at a later stage i.e., will all	development 'Ensure the building is adaptable to allow scope
	homes accommodate wheelchairs and will homes be able to be fitted with	for changes to be made to meet the needs of the
	technology to support older people in their own homes?	occupier (lifetime homes and modern business needs).'
Ellen Pirie	Suggests SPD should mention banning wood-burning stoves in the document as	There is opportunity to consider restricting the usage of wood
	they contribute towards global warming and bad air quality.	burners through planning policy as the council works towards
		producing a new local plan.
Ellen Pirie	Sec 1 Q3 of the checklist for resi development, should say does the number of EV	Please note SPDs provide guidance to build upon policies
	charging points meet the new building regs requirements – "appropriate" is too	within the core strategy, and, act as a material consideration
	subjective. Should also apply to non-residential developments.	for decision makers when considering the appropriateness of
		a scheme.
Ellen Pirie	Sec 3 Q6 of the checklist for resi development, suggested better wording to "Has	Comments are noted.
	local energy generation from renewables and/or local energy networks been	
	considered as part of the scheme?"- should also apply to non-resi development.	
Ellen Pirie	Sec 3 of the checklist for resi development should include "Has the building been	This is addressed within section 2 'Layout & Design' of the
	designed to ensure that it will protect the inhabitants from overheating as	checklist.
	temperatures rise due to climate change in the coming years?"- should also be included with non-resi checklist	
Ellen Pirie		Diagon note CDDs provide guidence to build upon policies
Ellen Pirie	Notes that many checklist questions use the word "considered" and does not give a strong enough indication to developers to implement them.	Please note SPDs provide guidance to build upon policies within the core strategy, and act as a material consideration
	a strong enough indication to developers to implement them.	for decision makers when considering the appropriateness of
		a proposal. The core strategy sets out the policy requirements
		that proposals must reflect to be considered appropriate for
		development.
Ellen Pirie	Developers should be required to confirm that they have met the requirements of	The Environment Act 2021 will make the submission of a
	biodiversity net gain under the Environment Act 2021. Should evidence details of	biodiversity gain plan mandatory from January 2024. This will
	this plan and show how BNG will be achieved ideally within Woking.	set out how the development will achieve 10% BNG. Currently
		the council is drafting guidance to aid developers and officers
		with facilitating BNG in Woking.
Historic England	Has no specific comments. SPD largely beyond remit.	Comments are noted.
The Coal Authority	Has no specific comments. Woking Borough Council lies outside the defined coalfield.	Comments are noted.

Thameswey (Strategy	Pleased that the importance of this community asset (i.e., Woking's Decentralised	Comments are noted.
comments)	Energy Network) is recognised in both 'Woking Net Zero' and the Draft Climate	
	Change Supplementary Planning Document.	
Thameswey	ThamesWey supports adoption of the proposed Climate Change Supplementary	Comments are noted.
	Planning Document.	
Sue Clements	Notes document is Woking-centric (i.e., town centre focused). Would like to see	The SPD will apply to development across the Borough of
	more charging points in Byfleet to service the large number of dwellings that do	Woking, not just the Town Centre. Note that the need for
	not have their own driveways. Parking is scarce in the village and petrol cars park	additional electric vehicle infrastructure is considered during
	in the designated EV spaces.	the planning process in alignment with the requirements of
		policy within the core strategy. Please refer to the Parking
		Standards SPD Parking Standards Supplementary Planning
		<u>Document - Woking 2027</u> for more guidance on the
		implementation of policy CS18 'Transport and accessibility'.
Sue Clements	Notes that standards will only apply to new development, and majority of the	Please note that the SPD can only influence proposals within
	population live in 'aging' existing buildings which are not designed to cope with	the remit of the planning system, and of which constitutes
	changing climates. Would be good if financial help was available on a sliding scale	'development'. The definition of what is classed as
	depending on means, and also a list of registered approved installers.	development is set out within Section 55 of the Town and
		County Planning Act 1990 (as amended). See here:
		https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1990/8/section/55
		Action Surrey provide advice to residents across the county on
		funding and methods to make your house greener, alongside
		details of their installer network. Please see the Action Surrey
		website here: https://www.actionsurrey.org/
Byfleet, West Byfleet	Regarding the checklist in Appendix C- suggests adding an 'Explanatory Comments'	Comments are noted and will be considered further.
and Pyrford Residents	column for developers to note the actions they intend to take.	
Association		
Byfleet, West Byfleet	Suggests a scaled Sustainable Construction Checklist be included to highlight the	Comments are noted and will be considered further.
and Pyrford Residents	opportunity for climate mitigating technologies as part of planning approval for	
Association	domestic house extensions and/or refurbishments.	
Byfleet, West Byfleet	In regard to increased pressure on sewage systems, should there be a requirement	Please note policy CS9 'Flooding and water management'
and Pyrford Residents	to carry out an assessment on any possible impact of any new development on the	currently outlines the requirement for development to
Association	likelihood of overloading the sewage system. Recognises advocating for SuDS, but	prevent surface water run off (e.g., through minimising paved

	stresses that new development causes strain on local sewage infrastructure, and this should be considered at planning stage to prevent future sewage overloading.	areas, keeping drains clear, general maintenance). On-site solutions such as infiltration devices, filter strips should then be sought and only if these will not satisfactorily deal with the run-off should off-site solutions be considered (such as discharge into water courses). A Flood Risk Assessment will be required for development proposals within or adjacent to areas at risk of surface water flooding as identified in the strategic flood risk assessment (SFRA). Please note that following the review of the core strategy, the council will be looking to update the current SFRA.
Mary Tobin	SPD should be more consumable.	Comments are noted and will be considered further.
Mary Tobin	Enforceability needs to be clarified.	All proposals for development must pass through the planning system. Supplementary planning documents (SPDs) aid decision making and support the implementation of policies within the Core Strategy.
Mary Tobin	How far have other councils gone?	The SPD sets out how development should implement policies within the core strategy relating to climate change. Like most other councils Woking remains committed to tackling climate change within the borough, as demonstrated by the climate emergency declaration How we're tackling climate change Woking Borough Council

Surrey County Council	Exec Summary: Notes that climate change resilience and adaptation are	Comments are noted and will be considered further.
	standalone sections/chapters. Suggests that adaptation is weaved throughout the	
	entire document and is integrated into each of the sector responses.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 3: Suggests that table 3.1 also sets out the highest category for operational	Comments are noted and will be considered further.
	carbon emissions.	
	Chp 4: Recommends referencing the Climate Emergency Design Guide LETI.	Amendments have been made, see page 23.
Surrey County Council	Chp 4: In terms of buildings that don't meet required standards, recommends that	Details on complying with standards are set out on page 19.
	document references offsets as outlined within CS22.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 4: ref to hydroelectricity – has micro-hydropower been considered as an	Comments are noted and will be reviewed in the future.
	option, as is widely considered a feasible approach for smaller rivers or water	
	pipelines.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 5: Notes that environmental briefing targets were exceeded dramatically at	Comments are noted. Unfortunately, this information is not
	Hale End Court (box 5.5.) can any data be included on how the building performed	immediately available to the council.
	in relation to heatwaves such as the heat impacts experienced in Summer of 2022.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 6: Paragraph 6.1.6 should refer to SCC's <u>Healthy Streets for Surrey</u>	Amendments have been made, see page 47.
	(surreycc.gov.uk) Design Code. Rather than London study.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 7: notes box 7.1 outlines residential development to design for a minimum	Amendments have been made, see page 60.
	water efficiency of 110 litres/person/day. 105 litres/person/day would align with	
	higher standard evidenced within the London Plan.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 7: In ref to 'Resilience to Flood Risk' (pg55) suggests a ref to SCC design	Amendments have been made, see page 56.
	guidance <u>Sustainable Drainage System Design Guidance - Surrey County Council</u>	
	(surreycc.gov.uk)	
Surrey County Council	Chp 7: para 7.2.18 should include link to the climate change guidance updated in	Amendments have been made, see page 56.
	May 2022 Climate change allowances for peak rainfall in England (data.gov.uk)	
Surrey County Council	Chp 7: In para 7.2.18 a historic water management appraisal of an area should be	Amendments have been made, see page 56.
	included as part of flood risk assessments and planning submissions i.e., to	
	examine historic water management on a site, paleochannels and environmental	
	evidence, to ascertain if there is historic water management or landscape factors	
	on or nearby the site that is likely to be affected by a proposal.	
Surrey County Council	Chp 7: In addition to mention of green and blue infrastructure in para 7.2.30 and	Amendments have been made, see page 65.
	7.2.26, additional ref to SCC's guidance <u>Green and blue infrastructure: best</u>	
	practice and case studies - Surrey County Council (surreycc.gov.uk).	

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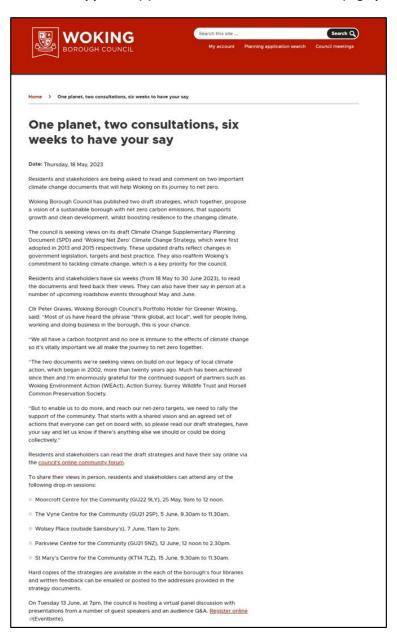
Barratt David Wilson Homes	Chp 4: would suggest that, regarding the aims to create and maintain low carbon heat and the decentralised energy network, the DEN should be suggested as a preference and subject to viability.	Please see policy CS22 and CS23 for requirements of development.
Barratt David Wilson Homes	 Chp 5: suggests some amendments to the aims set out in box 5.1 'maximising' passive solar gain will lead to overheating, contradicting with the Council's point about 'Design in measures to prevent excess solar gain' and being in potential contrast with Part O of Building Regulations. Therefore, BDW suggest that the point should instead read as 'Optimising the potential for passive gain' rather than 'Maximising'. would suggest to the Council that a Site Waste Management Plan should be implemented as a condition on developments rather than as part of Planning Policy. 	Comments are noted. Amendment made on page 37 in reference to solar gain. The SPD does not have authority to introduce nor remove planning policy. However, this can be considered as the council works towards a new local plan.
Barratt David Wilson Homes	Chp 6: notes that grey water recycling is extremely complex and cost-prohibitive, for developers, future purchases and users. Knowledge and understanding around grey water recycling is limited and recommends that the Council aim to achieve a water consumption of 110/l per person, per day in replacement.	Please note the SPD acts as a material consideration. Refer to page 60 for details on water efficiency.
Surrey Wildlife Trust	Notes references to the Environment Act 2021 and mandatory net gains coming into force from November 2023 (April 2024 for minor sites). Recognising that the council has no formal policy within its core strategy relating. SWT supports Surrey Nature Partnership's recommendation for local planning authorities to adopt a minimum of 20% biodiversity net gain policy, which is considered necessary for Surrey.	The council is currently drafting additional guidance to enable the effective delivery of BNG from November. This will be published on the policy website 'Woking 2027' in advance of mandatory BNG implementation. Currently the Core Strategy sets out CS7 which requires development to contribute to the enhancement of existing biodiversity and geodiversity features and explore opportunities to create and manage new ones where it is appropriate. We recognise Surrey Nature Partnership's recommendation of 20% BNG and given the expiry date of our local plan the council is currently reviewing this policy. However, please note that implementing a 20% BNG policy would require further evidence/viability studies and given the council's financial position this is not currently considered feasible.

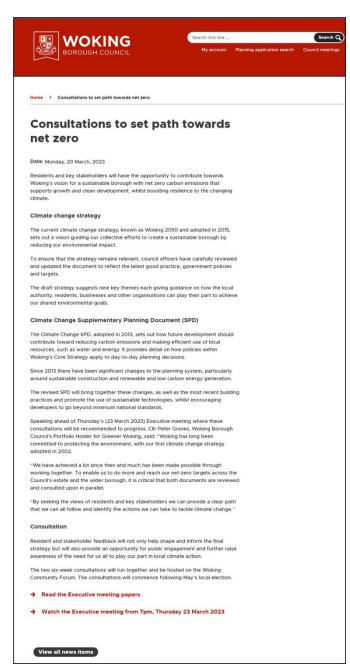
Common Mildlife Tours	Consideration should be sixen to direct/indirect improved an ether much stock distant	Amandranta mada an naga CA
Surrey Wildlife Trust	Consideration should be given to direct/indirect impacts on other protected sites	Amendments made on page 64.
	within the Borough, including Ancient Woodland, Habitats of Principal Importance	
	and locally protected Sites of Nature Conservation Importance.	
Surrey Wildlife Trust	Consider that it would be helpful to acknowledge BOAs (and urban BOAs) within	Amendments made on page 65.
	the SPD as their realisation can be a key outcome of Nature Based Solutions,	
	helping connect important GI across the borough. Note in particular that Green	
	Corridors can also incorporate the priority habitat/Habitat of Principal Importance	
	Hedgerows, which provide a number of benefits in their own right, which assist in	
	climate change resilience.	
Surrey Wildlife Trust	In ref to NBS, the planting of street trees can also be a useful natural solution,	Amendments made on page 57.
	providing it follows the principles of 'right tree, right place'. These can also help	
	reduce flood risk.	
Surrey Wildlife Trust	The draft document also states that, with regard to flooding, designing	Amendments made on page 55.
,	development should also take account of the use of impermeable materials.	
	Recommends the 'for example' list is extended to include to the use of artificial	
	lawns as these have been shown to increase the risk of flooding through water	
	runoff, whereas living lawns absorb almost all rainfall.	
Surrey Wildlife Trust	With regard to the use materials used to reduce heat within buildings, films on	Amendments made, please see page 53.
•	glass are recommended within the document to reduce shading. Recommend bird-	
	friendly glass film is referenced as this allows birds to see windows which they	
	might ordinarily not see and therefore fly into.	
Surrey Wildlife Trust	Also important to ensure that all Green/Blue infrastructure features are managed	Amendments made, please see page 64.
,	and maintained for the long-term to ensure benefits for nature and ensure	,, , , , ,
	continued climate change resilience across the borough and wider landscape.	
Natural England	NE suggest 4 specific actions to include in the SPD:	These points will be considered further as the council works
		toward producing a new local plan.
	Set an ambitious climate-specific targets within the Policy for reducing	toward producting a new rood prain
	greenhouse gas emissions that can be monitored over the Plan period, in	
	line with the national commitment to achieving the national statutory	
	target of net zero emissions by 2050;	
	target of fiet zero ethissions by 2000,	
	2. Identify opportunities to increase tree and woodland cover consistent with	
	the UK target. Wherever possible, this should provide multi-functional	
	the ore target. While ever possible, this should provide multi-full thorial	

	 benefits. Planting on peatlands and other open priority habitats must be avoided. 3. Identify areas where nature-based solutions can provide benefits to people whilst reducing climate change vulnerability in the natural environment. 4. Identify habitats and protected sites that are particularly vulnerable to the impacts of climate change and consider how the planning system can work to reduce these vulnerabilities. 	
Natural England	Advise that actions are integrated into a strategic approach alongside green infrastructure, health and wellbeing, biodiversity net gain, natural flood management, air and water quality in order to deliver multifunctional benefits to people and wildlife.	Comments are noted. The council utilises various strategic documents to deliver multifunctional benefits to Woking. Please refer to the review of the core strategy which addresses this and which was approved at Council on the 12 th October: Agenda for Council on Thursday, 12th October, 2023, 7.00 pm (woking.gov.uk)
Natural England	SPD should ensure sustainable development can be achieved across the plan period. Targets should be set that can be monitored over the period to demonstrate effectiveness of the policy in addressing climate change.	Comments are noted. The Annual Monitoring Report (AMR) sets out outcomes relating to policies within the Core Strategy.
Mike Kerslake	Language in the SPD speaks in terms of "be encouraged to" is inadequate. Mandatory requirements must be introduced to have any chance of hitting climate change targets.	Supplementary planning documents are intended to support the implementation of policies within the Core Strategy and cannot enforce requirements unless supported. In addition, SPDs help decision makers and developers assess the suitability of proposals for development in Woking.
Mike Kerslake	Housing- measures described don't appear to have quantified estimates of carbon impact. A priority should be alignment to the recommendations of the Parliamentary Environmental Audit Committee.	Comments are noted.
Mike Kerslake	Is data available on occupancy of the existing housing stock? Increasing the occupancy of existing housing would reduce the energy consumption per person and minimise the need for new build, which has a high carbon footprint.	Please note there are several issues which factor into ensuring the existing housing stock can reduce energy consumption, but it is noted that promoting occupancy of existing buildings is a consideration i.e., this feeds into the reasoning for retrofitting/redevelopment, whereby existing buildings are

		made more sustainable, flexible and desirable places to live for future occupants.
Mike Kerslake	Environmental impact assessment of new builds should factor GHG emissions associated with the construction phase, and offset against these GHG emissions within the first 10 years of use.	Comments are noted.
Mike Kerslake	Disappointing that paragraph 5.2.12 of the SPD doesn't mandate the submission of a Whole Life Carbon Assessment.	Comments are noted. There is opportunity to explore this further before the current local plan expires in 2027.
Mike Kerslake	They are concerned that either the WBC is granting permission for garden conversions to parking without considering the negative consequences or that there is little to no enforcement to prevent this. They also state that there needs to be more enforcement against nuisance parking, suggesting it should be made illegal like in London.	Planning permission is usually required to install a dropped kerb i.e., convert front gardens into on-drive parking. It is up to the discretion of the assigned planning officer and Surrey County Council (as local highways authority) to assess the suitability of proposals. See here for more info: https://www.woking.gov.uk/planning-and-building-control/planning/do-i-need-planning-permission/dropped-kerbs-and-vehicle
Mike Kerslake	Emphasis on walking, cycling and public transport is of very high importance.	Comment are noted. The SPD provides supporting guidance and encourages development to implement modes of sustainable transport.
Mike Kerslake	Discouraging car use, particularly for short trips, will have numerous benefits i.e., less GHG emissions, improved air quality, less traffic congestion, improved road safety, more road space for micromobility modes, and will reduce space demands for parking in residential and destination sites.	Comment are noted. The SPD provides supporting guidance and encourages development to implement modes of sustainable transport.
Mike Kerslake	Electric scooters are an attractive local mobility choice but there are legal and safety concerns regarding their use. It is hoped the government will introduce legislation to facilitate wider use- could Woking look into initiating trials where some usage is permitted? Woking already has a reasonable network of pedestrian and cycle paths that are segregated from road traffic. Can these be promoted as suitable for electric scooters? Expansion of the network would encourage greater use.	The feasibility of promoting usage of electric scooters is currently out of the SPD's remit. However, note this topic area can be revisited once the legal and safety implications of electric scooters have been fully addressed by government.

Appendix (c). Released consultation details (e.g., press releases, website content, letters send to consultees).



















SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENTS AND GUIDANCE | CLIMATE CHANGE

Development Plan for Woking

Site Allocations DPD

Supplementary Planning Documents and Guidance

Statement of Community Involvement

Local Development Scheme

Community Infrastructure Levy

Research and Evidence Base

Neighbourhood Planning

Registers

Archived planning policy documents

Climate Change

Climate Change Supplementary Planning Document

The Climate Change SPD was adopted by the Council on 5 December 2013, and is a material consideration in the determination of planning applications. It provides detailed guidance for the application of Policies CS22 'Sustainable construction' and CS23 'Renewable and low carbon energy generation' of the Core Strategy. It explains what developers need to do to meet the requirements of policies within the Development Plan for Woking, It is therefore an important document to help deliver the spatial vision and objectives of the Core Strategy, particularly in terms of leading the way in high quality sustainable development that minimises the adverse impacts of climate change.

To view the 2013 Climate Change SPD see here

Draft Climate Change SPD

Following significant changes to planning policy since 2013, Woking Borough Council have revised the Climate Change SPD. The revised SPD sets out the updates to national and local targets regarding net zero ambitions and upiffs in building efficiency standards, as enacted by the changes to Building Regulation in June 2022. It is expected that all development compiles with national standards and considers achieving beyond them to implement net zero development wherever it is considered viable.

Public consultation on the SPD will occur between 18th May - 30th June 2023. You can view the draft Climate Change SPD by:

- . Downloading an electronic copy of the document here; or
- Requesting a paper copy of the document (subject to a charge) by emailing: planning.policy@woking.gov.uk

Written responses to the draft SPD will be accepted by email or post:

- Email your response to the Planning Policy team at: planning.policy@woking.gov.uk
- Post your response to 'The Planning Policy Team, Woking Borough Council, Civic Offices, Gloucester Square, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6YL'

Please note that the Climate Neutral Development Checklist has been updated in response to the draft SPD. To view the updated checklist please see here. The checklist is designed to aid applicants in meeting policy requirements and should be submitted alongside a statement which sets out the sustainable design and construction measures to be implemented within the development, including the use of any low/zero carbon technologies. For new residential development, the statement should also set out how the water and energy efficiency standards set out in the revised SPD will be met.

If you have any questions on the draft Climate Change SPD please do not hesitate to contact a member of the Planning Policy Team on 01483 743871, or at planning policy@woking.gov.uk.

This consultation is running in parallel with release of the new Climate Change Strategy. Please see https://communityforum.woking.gov.uk/hub-page/netzero for more information on the wider Climate Change consultation and Woking's net zero ambitions.

THIS SECTION

More in Climate Change

Draft Climate Change SPD

Draft Climate Neutral

Development Checklis

Climate Change SPD

Consultation Statement
Climate Change SPD

Adoption Statement

Climate Change SPD Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Statement

Also in Supplementary Planning Documents and Guidance

Self-Build and Custom Housebuilding Guidance Note

Parking Standards SPD

Parking Standards Supplementary Planning Document

Affordable Housing Delivery Supplementary Planning Document

Design Supplementary Planning Document

Hot Food Takeaway SPD

Thames Basin Heaths
Special Protection Areas
Avoidance Strategy

Housing Density

Plot Subdivision

Urban Areas of Special Residential Character

Residential Boundary Treatment

House Extensions

High Density Housing Development

Light Pollution

Heritage of Woking

Mount Hermon Conservation

Old Woking Conservation Area

Ashwood Road Conservation Area

Horsell Conservation Area

Byfleet Corner Conservation Area

Pond Road Conservation

HAVE YOUR SAY: CLIMATE CHANGE SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENT (SPD) CONSULTATION

- May 18, 2023
- At Home | Sustainable Transport | The Great Outdoors | Urban



Planning policy has a key role to play in the development of new homes, buildings and how residents of the future will live. First adopted in December 2013, the Climate Change SPD is under review. Incorporating the latest national guidance, the SPD will continue to support and strengthen the Council's climate change agenda covering themes such as low carbon energy and resilience and adaptation issues such as overheating and flood risk.

We'd love to hear your views to help shape and inform the final SPD.

View the online consultation.



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Website www.woking.gov.uk

18 May 2023

Dear Sir or Madam

Woking Borough Council is publishing a draft Climate Change Strategy and a draft Climate Change Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) for public consultation between 18 May and 30

The Climate Change SPD sets out how future development should contribute toward reducing carbon emissions and making efficient use of local resources, such as water and energy. Detail is provided on how policies within Woking's Core Strategy, particulary CS22 and CS23, apply to dayto-day planning decisions

Since the Climate Change SPD was first adopted in 2013, there have been significant changes to the planning system, particularly around sustainable construction and renewable/low carbon energy generation. The revised SPD brings together these changes, as well as updates to building practices and use of sustainable technologies, whilst encouraging developers to go beyond minimum national standards.

FOR ATTENTION:

LOCAL PLAN MAILING LIST REVIEW

We are trying to reduce postage costs wherever possible and encourage digital options for

The new Climate Change Strategy – Woking Net Zero - will replace the Woking 2050 strategy adopted in 2015. To ensure the strategy remains relevant Council the strategy remains relevant Council officers have carefully reviewed and updated the document to reflect policy changes, new environmental targets and best practice. The draft strategy sets out our climate ambitions across nine key themes including energy, waste, transport and the natural environment. Each theme gives guidance on how the local authority, residents, businesses and stakeholders can play their part to achieve our shared environmental goals.

We would like to hear your views on the draft Climate Change Strategy and Climate Change SPD.

We are trying to reduce postage costs wherever possible and encourage digital options for communication.

Bearing this in mind, if there is a reason why you still wish to receive Local Plan information by **post** please contact us by telephone on **01483 743871** or by letter to the address at the top of this letter, stating your name and contact details.

If you would be happy to receive Local Plan information by **email** instead, please let us know at the details above or by writing to planning.policy@woking.gov.uk.

If we do not hear from you **by Friday 30th June 2023** we will take this as confirmation that you are happy for your postal address to be **removed** from our mailing list.

Please remember that you can contact us by any of the methods above at any time, to have your details added, corrected or reinstated onto our mailing list.

Before telling us your views it's important that you read and understand all the information available so you can give us your informed response. There are various ways you can find detailed information about the Strategy and SPD and provide your feedback:

Visit www.communityforum.woking.gov.uk for 'Active consultations' where you'll find:

Woking's ambitions to meet net zero

a copy of the draft Climate Change Strategy

a copy of the draft SPD

- a copy of the grant or o
 details on where to submit your comments.

Alternatively, you can access the draft SPD directly via WBC's planning policy website 'Woking 2027' at www.woking2027.info/supplementary/climatechangespd

Over the course of the six-week consultation there are events happening which will provide members of the public with the opportunity to ask council officers questions about the emerging draft climate Change Strategy and SPD. For more information please visit: www.communityforum.woking.gov.uk

Hard copies of the draft documents are available for inspection at the following venues:

- Woking, Byfleet, West Byfleet and Knaphill libraries. Please visit:
- www.surreycc.gov.uk/libraries for library addresses and opening times.
 Woking Borough Council, Civic Offices, Gloucester Square, Woking, GU21 6YL. Monday to Friday, 9am to 4.45pm.

To give us your response to the Strategy:

Use the online survey at www.communityforum.woking.gov.uk

- To give us your response to the SPD:

 Submit a written representation via email to Planning.Policy@woking.gov.uk

 Post your response to Planning Policy, Woking Borough Council, Civic Offices, Gloucester Square, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6YL.

The consultation will close after six-weeks, so all responses to the SPD will need to be received by the end of Friday 30th June 2023.

Please be aware that all comments relating to the SPD consultation will be made publicly available and identifiable by name and organisation. Any other personal information provided will be processed by Woking Borough Council in line with the Data Protection Act 1998.

If you have any questions on any of the documents or wish to be removed from or update your details on the Planning Policy contact list, please do not hesitate to contact the Planning Policy Team on 01483 743871 or email us at planning.policy@woking.gov.uk.

Yours sincerely,

The Planning Policy and Green Infrastructure Teams